


View

nbehrnd nbehrnd	 Jonathan Goodman	Jonathan Goo... Jonathan Goodman	Thomas Doern... Thomas Doerner
burt.leland (O... burt.leland (OpenEye)	Ingvar Lager... Ingvar Lagerstedt	Marc Nicklaus Marc Nicklaus	Ulrich Schatzs... Ulrich Schatzschneider
Bob Belford Bob Belford	Falko FRENZE... Falko FRENZEL (BfR, G...	Andrey Yerin -... Andrey Yerin - ACD/Lab...	Aleksandr Beli... Aleksandr Belinskiy
Alexander Awad Alexander Awad	Daniel Lowe Daniel Lowe	Evan Bolton Evan Bolton	Richard Kidd Richard Kidd

Chat

Gudrun Gygli to Everyone 06:03 PM

Sorry, have to leave for another meeting. Thanks for all the interesting info!

Sunghwan Kim, NIH to Everyone 06:04 PM

Does the current version of Polymer-InChI distinguish (1) between LDPE and HDPE (that is, different polymers from the same monomer) and (2) polymers with different degree of polymerization (i.e., polymers with different numbers of monomers).

Sorry, LDPE vs HDPE (low- vs high-density PEs)






Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

Type message here...

Zoom Meeting

View

<p>Heather</p> <p>Heather</p>	<p>Lars B</p> <p>Lars B</p>	 <p>Peter Linstrom</p> <p>Peter Linstrom</p>
 <p>Gerd Blanke</p>	 <p>Steve Heller</p>	<p>Leah McEwen</p> <p>Leah McEwen</p>
 <p>Nau, Heike (ELS-FRK)</p>	<p>Schwörer, Mar...</p> <p>Schwörer, Markus (ELS...)</p>	<p>Sunghwan Ki...</p> <p>Sunghwan Kim, NIH</p>
<p>Roger Sayle</p> <p>Roger Sayle</p>	<p>Ian B</p> <p>Ian B</p>	 <p>Alex Henderson, Manc...</p>

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<p>Sunghwan Ki...</p> <p>Sunghwan Kim, NIH</p> 	<p>Nicki Davis</p> <p>Nicki Davis (She/Her)</p> 	<p>Roger Sayle</p> <p>Roger Sayle</p>	<p>Ian B</p> <p>Ian B</p> 
<p>Henderson, Manc...</p> <p>rudy potenzzone</p> 	<p>Sonja Herres-Pawlis</p> <p>Sonja Herres-Pawlis</p> 	<p>Anders</p> <p>Anders</p> 	<p>Hunter Moseley</p> <p>Hunter Moseley</p> 
<p>Mick Kappler</p> <p>Mick Kappler</p> 	<p>Chris Jakober (CARB)</p> <p>Chris Jakober (CARB)</p> 	<p>Yulia Borodina</p> <p>Yulia Borodina</p>	<p>Yulia Borodina</p> <p>Yulia Borodina</p>
<p>Barrie Walker</p> <p>Barrie Walker</p>	<p>Gabe Weatherhead</p> <p>Gabe Weatherhead</p> 	<p>Sandra Simon</p> <p>Sandra Simon</p>	<p>Jane</p> <p>Jane</p>

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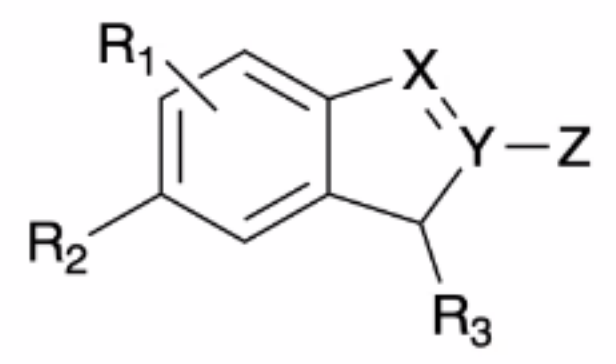
Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

Type message here...

Participant list: Sandra Simon, Jane, Markus Sitzm...
 You are viewing Jonathan Goodman's screen

More Complex Variability



- R₁ = H, Me
- R₂ = Me, Et, Pr, Bu
- R₃ = Ph, tolyl
- X = N, CH
- Y = C, N⁺
- Z = Cl, CH₂Cl

128 distinct structures

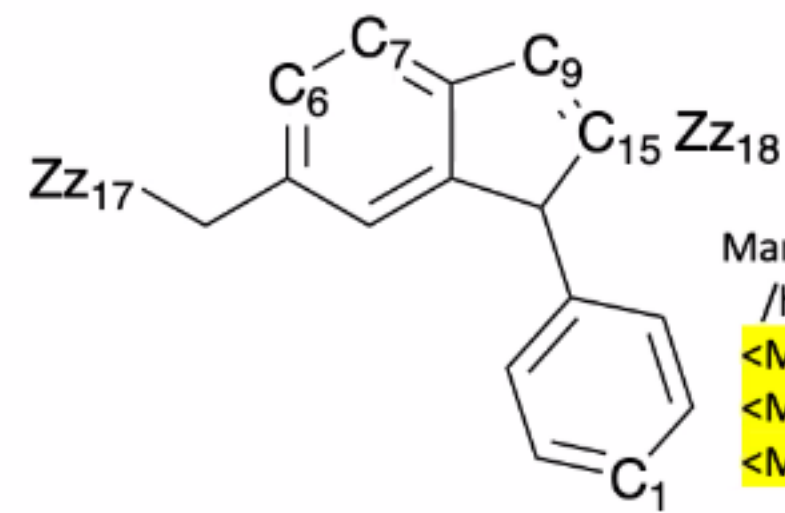
Use Te in place of Zz because RDKit can handle it

Enumerate structures

CANONICAL!
(based on template)

Software available on Github

Generate from molfile v3000



```

MarkInChI=1B/C16H12Zz2/c17-10-11-6-7-13-9-15(18)16(14)
/h1-9,16H,10H2
<M>H!C!C2H5Zz/c1-2-3/h2H2,1H3!C3H7Zz/c1-2-3-4/h2-3H
<M>CH2ClZz/c2-1-3/h1H2!Cl
<M>9-C!N<M>15-C!N+<M>1H-C!H<M>6H,7H-C!H
    
```

Abdullah Kattineh

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 LDPE and HDPE refer more to material/preparation procedures than to structure. Also not general for all polymers, so most probably should be specified in metadata, not in InChI

Sorry need to go from the office. Will join fr4om home

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nbehrnd

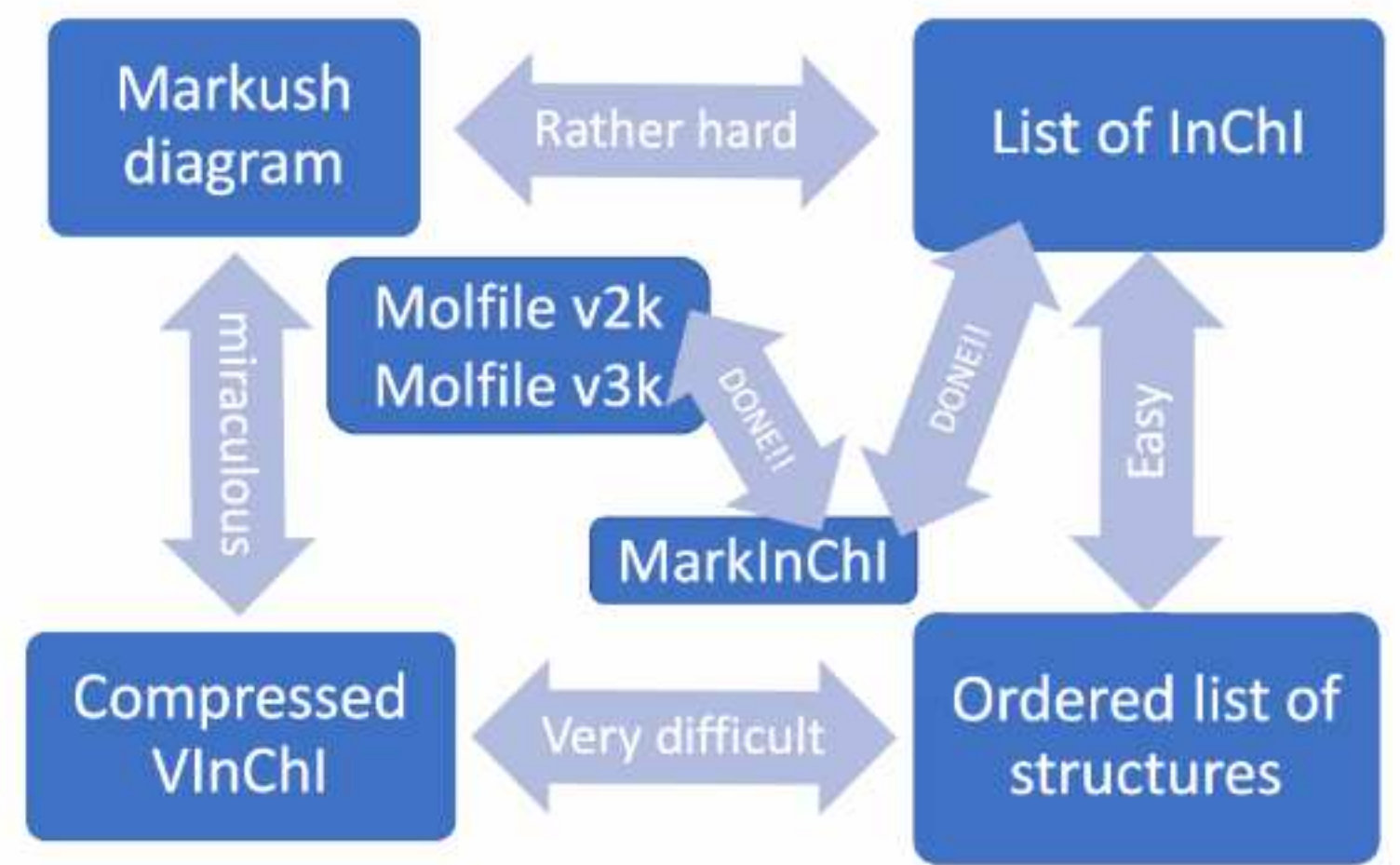
Jonathan Goodman

Jonathan Goodman

You are viewing Jonathan Goodman's screen View Options

What is to be done?

- a) Assume there are millions of structures in each Markush
- b) Need to be able to calculate n and U



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Type message here...

Participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagers...
 burt.leland (OpenEye), Ingvar Lagerstedt
 Video: Marc Nicklaus (muted)

Tautomerism

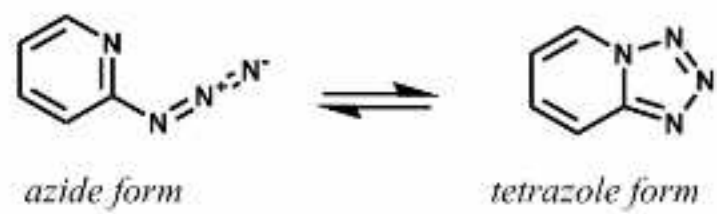
Tautomers are isomers that can readily transform into each other through chemical equilibrium reactions



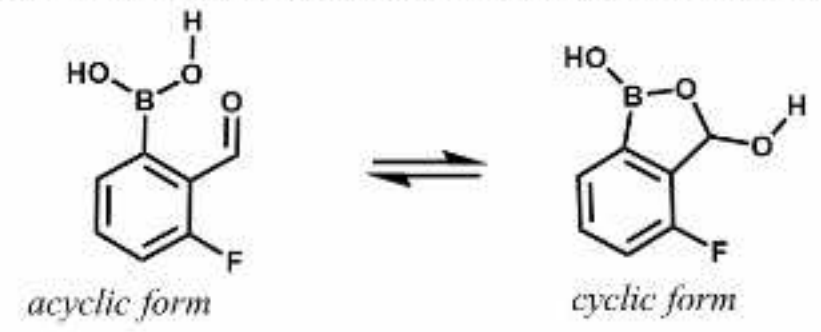
- Prototropic tautomerism:
 intramolecular movement of a hydrogen atom



- Valence tautomerism:
 rearrangement of bonds w/o migration of atoms



- Ring-chain tautomerism:
 movement of the proton accompanied by opening/closing of a ring



Chat
 Aleksandr Belinskiy to Everyone 07:31 PM

Evan, WIPO is introducing from 07/2022 new standard ST. 26 for representation of biosequences which include in XML scheme description of non-standard aminoacids and chemical modifications, is not clear how the latter information would be used in search. Could your work influence next WIPO standard development for biosequence representation?

Yulia Borodina to Everyone 07:33 PM

SPL standard had introduced it in 2018... A lot of FDA data on proteins are available in this format on DailyMed. InChI is a part of the standard.

Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 07:34 PM

If you want a real challenge: SARS-CoV-2 RNA genome is approx. 30.000 bp = around 1.200.000 atoms 😊

Yulia Borodina to Everyone 07:35 PM

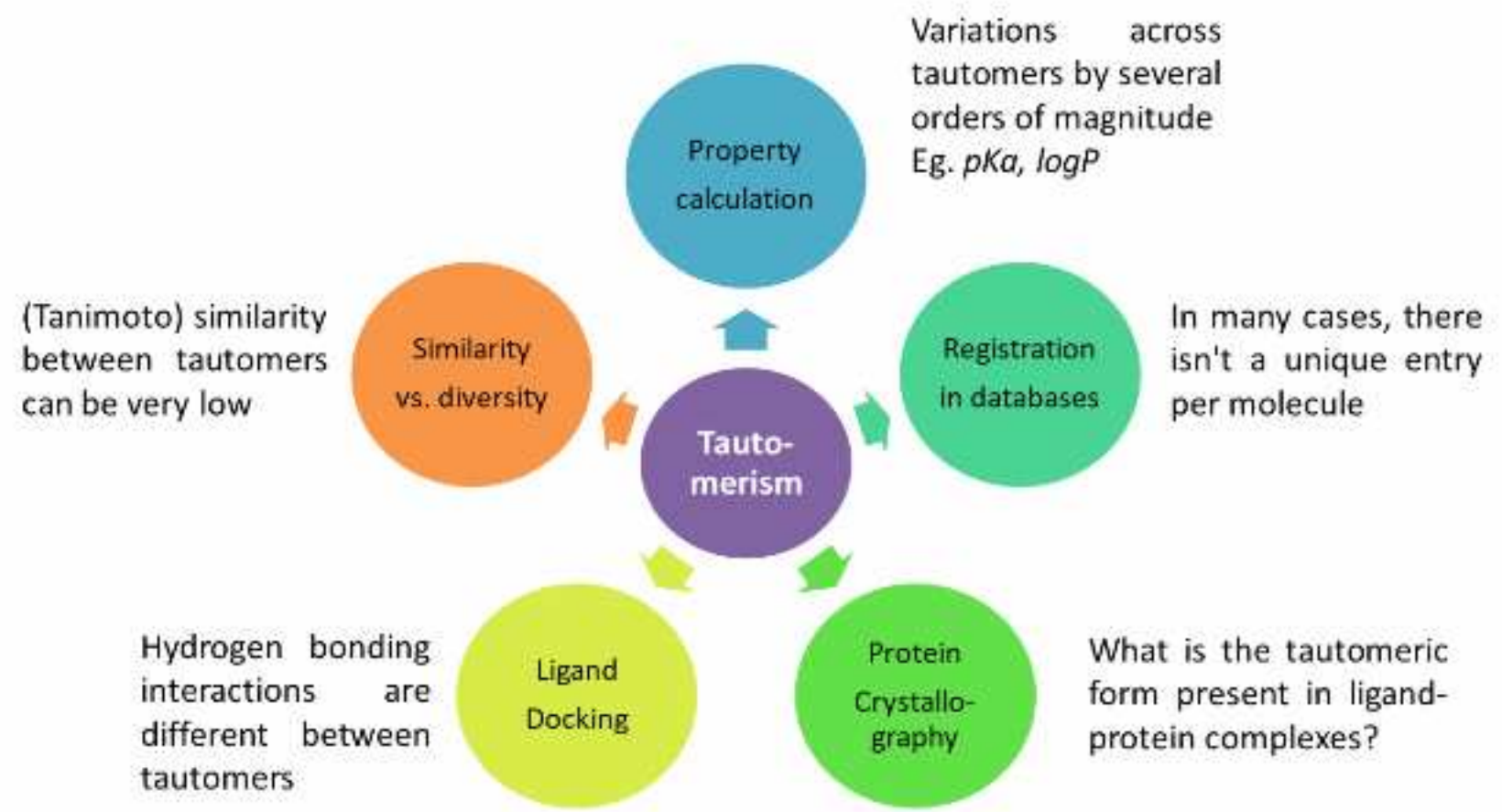
@Ulrich 🐼

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 burt.leland (OpenEye), Ingvar Lagerstedt, Marc Nicklaus
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Why worry about tautomers?



The existence of multiple tautomeric forms of the same molecule can create **problems!!!**

Chat

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 burt.leland (OpenEye), Ingvar Lagerstedt
 You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen | View Options

Not Just an Academic Question

Tautomeric pairs (conflicts) – via NCI/CADD identifiers¹

¹ Sitzmann *et al.* SAR QSAR Environ. Res. 2008, 19, 1–9

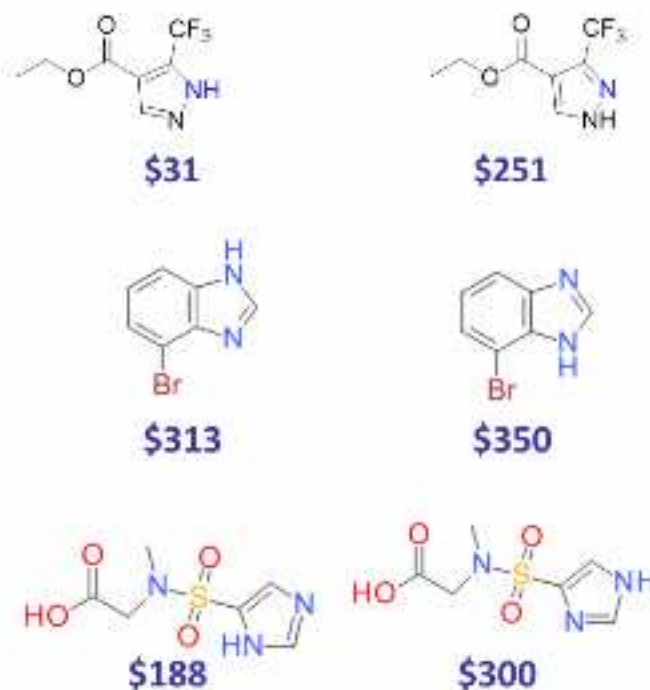
Aldrich Market Select (AMS) database :
 5,755,574 molecules (2012-09 version)

31,155 conflicts → 62,869 molecules

n-tuples	Conflicts
2	30,619
3	514
4	21
5	1

Guasch, L. *et al.* JCI 56, 2016, 2149–2161.

Examples (prices per 1 g):



Same original supplier!

Chat

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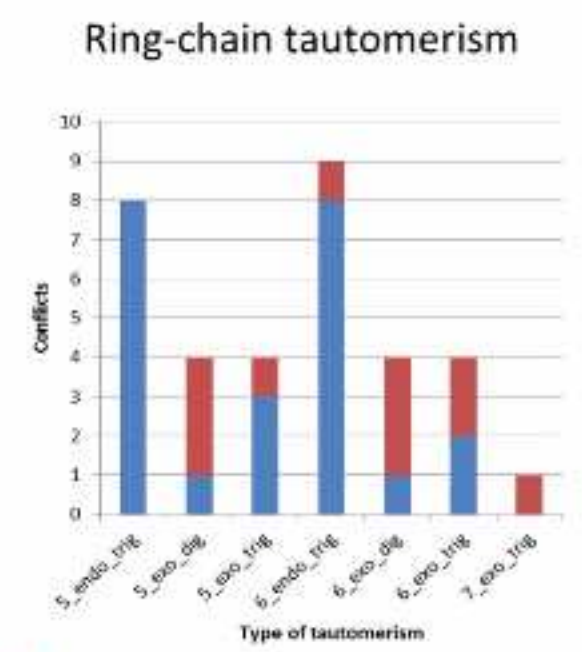
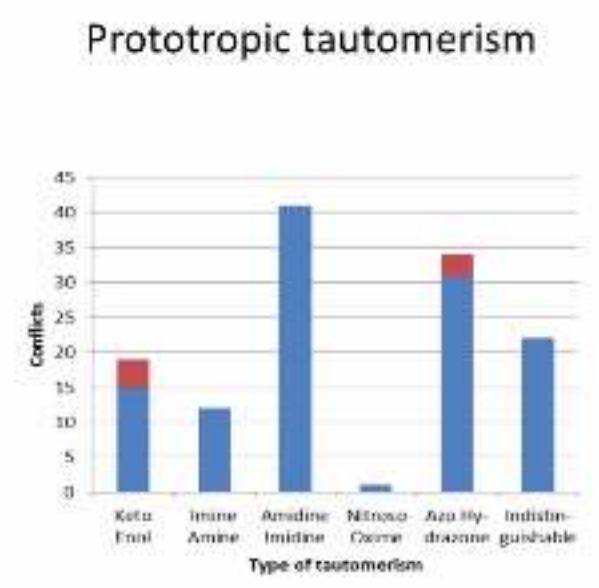
To: Everyone

Type message here...

Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagerst... (OpenEye), and Marc Nicklaus. A green banner indicates "You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen".

Experimental Verification

Analysis with both ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR experiments



Blue: samples are the same substance. Red: samples are different substances.

Guasch, L. et al. JCI 56, 2016, 2149–2161.

Chat window with messages from Ulrich Schatzschneider, Yulia Borodina, and Evan Bolton. Includes a mention of @Ulrich and a "Who can see your messages?" prompt.

Participant list:

- burt.leland (O...)
- Ingvar Lagers...
- Marc Nicklaus (Active)

Microphone status: burt.leland (OpenEye) [muted], Ingvar Lagerstedt [muted]

View Options

Tautomerism is Widespread

Tautomerism is not just interesting, important, and potentially costly – it is widespread:

- Tautomerism possible for an average of 71% structures tautomeric across ~401 million molecules

Dhaked, D. K. *et al.* J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2020, 60, 3, 1253–1275

Chat

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- Ingvar Lagerst... (Ingvar Lagerstedt)
- Marc Nicklaus (You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen)

View Options

How does InChI up to version 1.05 handle tautomerism?

- InChI is in principle designed to be tautomer-invariant
- Standard InChI handles a limited range of tautomerism types
- One can turn on additional tautomeric types in non-standard InChI via options: KET, 15T
- It was recognized early on that important types of tautomerism are missing

Chat

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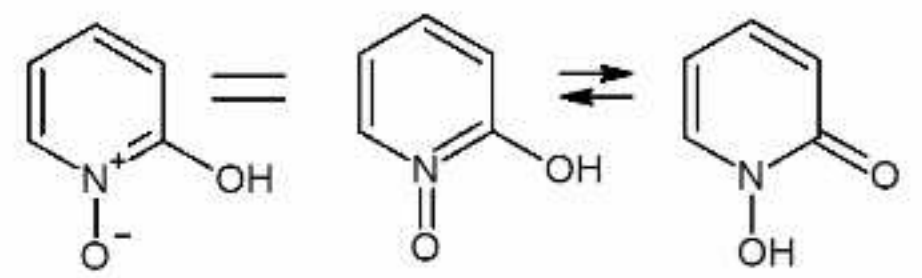
Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagers..., and Marc Nicklaus. A green banner indicates "You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen".

Chat window showing messages from Yulia Borodina and Evan Bolton. A message from Yulia Borodina states: "CoV-2 RNA genome is approx. 30.000 bp = around 1.200.000 atoms 😊".

Why a new version of tautomerism handling needed?

Proposal by Dmitrii Tchekhovskoi in 2012:

- Another breaking change:
Add 1,4-oxime/nitroso tautomerism



InChI=1S/C5H5NO2/c7-5-3-1-2-4-6(5)8/h1-4,7H

InChI=1S/C5H5NO2/c7-5-3-1-2-4-6(5)8/h1-4,8H

Participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagerst...
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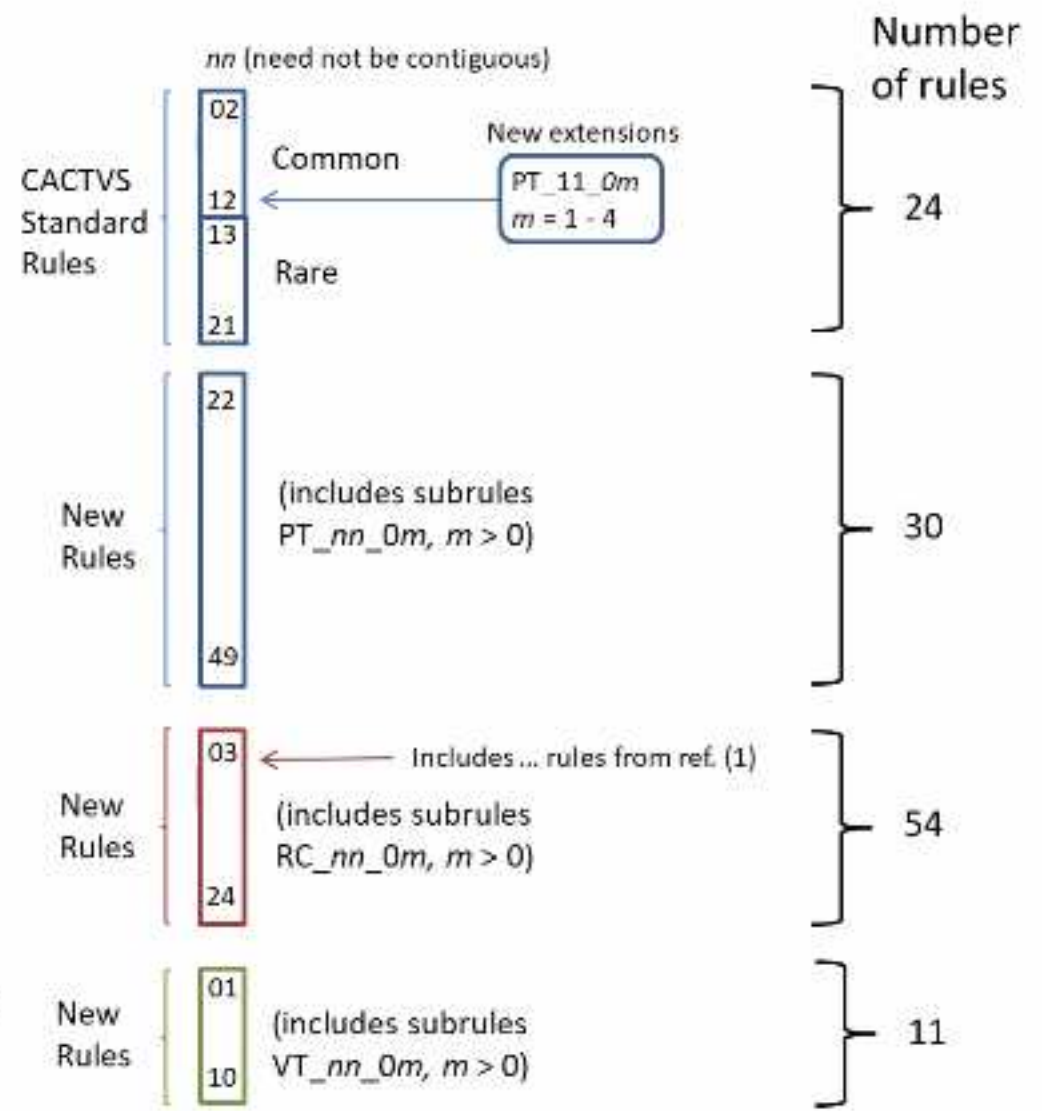
Rule Set

All rules expressed as SMIRKS, applied in CACTVS

Prototropic Rules
PT_{nn}_{mm}

Ring-Chain Rules
RC_{nn}_{mm}

Valence Tautomerism Rules
VT_{nn}_{mm}



[1] Guasch L. *et al.*, *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2014**, 54, 2423–2432
 Dhaked D. *et al.*, *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2020**, 60, 3, 1090–1100
 Dhaked D. *et al.*, *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2020**, 60, 3, 1253–1275 | Dhaked D., Nicklaus M. ChemRxiv 10.26434/chemrxiv.14779254.v1

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- CoV-2 RNA genome is approx. 30.000 bp = around 1.200.000 atoms 😊
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Tautomer Enumeration Tool

<https://cactus.nci.nih.gov/tautomerizer/>

NCI/CADD Group

Tautomerizer - Predict tautomers based on 80+ rules

[Introduction](#) | [Form](#) | [Individual Rule Pages](#) | [Rules Sources](#) | [Help](#)

Enter the structure in SMILES format

1. Input Structure SMILES: [Structure Editor](#)

[Submit](#)

2. Single step or Multi step:

Single step Multi step

3. Activate rules:

- Activate all rules
- Activate standard rules
- Activate only new rules
- Enter your own rule as SMIRKS:

Activate custom rule set via following checkboxes:

Select rules:

PT_02_00 - 1,5 (thio)keto/(thio)enol -
[O,S,Se,Te;X1:1]=[Cz1H0:2][C:5]=[C:6][CX4z0,NX3:3][#1:4]>>[#1:4][O,S,Se,Te;X2:1][Cz1:2]=[C:5][C:6]=[Cz0,N:3]
 Select example: C1=CC(C=C(C1=O)C)=O
[Run Example](#)

PT_03_00 - simple (aliphatic) imine -
[#1,a,O:5][NX2:1]=[Cz[1-2]:2][CX4R[0-2]:3][#1:4]>>[#1,a,O:5][NX3:1][[#1:4]][Cz:2]=[C:3]
 Select example: [C]1(CC[C]CC1)=N
[Run Example](#)

PT_04_00 - special imine -
[Cz0R0X3:1][[C:5]=[C:2][Nz0:3][#1:4]>>[#1:4][Cz0R0X4:1][[C:5]][c:2]=[nz0:3]
 Select example: C(CC1=NC=C[NH]1)(C)C
[Run Example](#)



Hitesh Patel

Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

Type message here...

Participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagerst...
 burt.leland (OpenEye), Ingvar Lagerstedt
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Chat

InChi[Key] (V. 105) only Partially Recapitulates a More Complete Set of Rules

InChi Calculation Type >		Standard (DONOTADDH W0)		
Database	Database Size	Tautomeric Part	InChi Success Rate (%)	Strict InChi Success Rate (%)
CSD	319,201	203,108	26.25	13.46
ChEMBL	1,820,035	1,578,290	62.15	28.55
AMS	8,409,644	7,204,965	64.77	29.85
PUBCHEM	96,502,282	78,807,315	56.64	29.47
CSDB	141,743,903	127,543,398	71.27	31.90

Rules applied in cheminformatics toolkit CACTVS



InChi Calculation Type >		Non-standard (DONOTADDH W0 RECMET NEWPS SPXYZ SAsXYZ Fb Fnud KET 15T)		
Database	Database Size	Tautomeric Part	InChi Success Rate (%)	Strict InChi Success Rate (%)
CSD	319,201	203,108	48.83	30.90
ChEMBL	1,820,035	1,578,290	73.91	37.46
AMS	8,409,644	7,204,965	71.99	36.32
PUBCHEM	96,502,282	78,807,315	66.52	38.26
CSDB	141,743,903	127,543,398	78.70	38.97

Dhaked D. et al., J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2020, 60, 3, 1253–1275

InChi Success Rate: At least two rule-enumerated tautomers have same InChiKey

Strict InChi Success Rate: All rule-enumerated tautomers have same InChiKey

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Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 07:46 PM

How fixed are these rules? Are they "hard-coded" into the main code and need a lot of effort to add/modify or is there another more low-key mechanism to append in case further exceptions are identified?

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← burt.leland (O... Ingvar Lagers... →

🔇 burt.leland (OpenEye) 🔇 Ingvar Lagerstedt

📺 You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen View Options ▾



New Rules: Integrated in experimental version of InChI 1.06

- New rules, as implemented in CACTVS, expressed as SMIRKS
- InChI doesn't have a SMIRKS parser
- Adding new tautomeric rules requires **code changes in the core of InChI**
- We picked ~20 prototropic rules as candidates for implementation in InChI
- No ring-chain or valence tautomerism rules – impossible to add to current InChI
- Igor Filippov was able to add **six new rules**

Note: These were all the rules that could be added; for others, the effort was unsuccessful!

Six new rules implemented in InChI library (based on V. 1.06 code) integrated in CACTVS.



Igor Filippov



Wolf-D. Ihlenfeldt

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Microphone: burt.Ieland (OpenEye) Ingvar Lagerstedt

Video: You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen View Options

New Rules Implemented

PT_06_00		<chem>[CX2-3]r[0-1]Nn.S.o.o.Se.Te.[N]X2.sX2.CX1.c.P.p.2[[N+.S.O.Se.Te.1]][+1-4]</chem> <chem>>>[+1-4][CX+r(0-1).N.n.S.o.Se.Te.1][NX2.nX2.CX3+(0-1).c.P.p.2]-[N.n.S.o.o.Se.Te.3]</chem>
	1,2 heteroatom shift	
PT_13_00		<chem>[O.S.Se.Te.X1-1]-[C-2]-[C-3][+1-1]>>[+1-1][O.S.Se.Te.X2-1][C-2]-[C-3]</chem>
	keten-imid exchange	
PT_16_00		<chem>[+1-1][O.R.2][N+0-1.3]-[CX3-4]>>[O.R.2]-[N+0-1.3][CX4-4][+1-1]</chem>
	nitroso/oxime	
PT_18_00		<chem>[+1-1][O-2][C-3]-[N-1]>>[O-2]-[C-3]-[N-1][+1-1]</chem>
	cyanic/iso cyanic acids	
PT_22_00		<chem>[+1-1][CX4-2][NX2-3]-[CX3-4]>>[CX3-2]-[NX1-3][CX4-4][+1-1]</chem>
	imine/amine	
PT_39_00		<chem>[CX3.NX2-1]-[NX3+2][O-3][CX4-4][+1-5]>>[+1-5][CX4.NX3-1][NX3+2][O-3]-[CX3-1]</chem>
	nitrene/imine or B-dia and rearrangement	

Note that example structures are just that: examples. Similar for the names. The SMIRKS are really defining the rule!
In InChI, new code has to be written!

Chat

around near-field 'sameness' .. so the search scheme might partially fill this use case.

Thanks Ulrich! Yes .. there are some really good ones out there .. the PDB has some real large ones these days (ribosomes, etc.).

Thanks Jonathan! Yes, some can be described in purely atomic terms .. however, usually some piece is or pieces are missing .. for many reasons (e.g., attached to a cell wall) .. it makes for an interesting problem to describe what is meaningful based on the use case.

Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 07:46 PM

How fixed are these rules? Are they "hard-coded" into the main code and need a lot of effort to add/modify or is there another more low-key mechanism to append in case further exceptions are identified?

The problem at least in inorganic compounds for almost everything is "the rule is there is no general rule"

Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

Type message here...

Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagerst... (OpenEye), and Marc Nicklaus (video). A green banner indicates "You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen".

What have we gained with the six new rules?

Total of 8 rules: KET, 15T, PT_06_00, PT_13_00, PT_16_00, PT_18_00, PT_22_00, PT_39_00

Counting various identifiers for recent version of PubChem (2020-02 Compound database):

90,600,000 compounds analyzed for the PubChem file(s)

Number of cases where S, N, T same:	26,339,099
Number of cases where S, N same, T diff:	28,104,489
Number of cases where N, T same, S diff:	10,892,602
Number of cases where S, N, T diff:	25,252,306

Note: Most analyses were done with InChKeys but could as well have been done with InChIs

90,390,917 unique Standard InChIKeys found

87,322,470 unique non-standard InChIKeys (with KET and 15T turned on)

87,322,472 unique Tauto InChIKeys with KET and 15T turned on

Differences vs. the non-standard InChIKey count:

84,249,356 (-3.519%, -3,073,114) unique Tauto InChIKeys (with all 8 rules turned on)

87,448,002 (0.144%, 125,532) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just KET turned on
90,184,001 (3.277%, 2,861,531) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just 15T turned on
86,004,390 (-1.509%, -1,318,080) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_06_00 turned on
90,310,034 (3.421%, 2,987,564) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_13_00 turned on
90,284,657 (3.392%, 2,962,187) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_16_00 turned on
90,326,333 (3.440%, 3,003,863) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_18_00 turned on
88,785,161 (1.675%, 1,462,691) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_22_00 turned on
90,324,463 (3.438%, 3,001,993) unique Tauto InChIKeys with just PT_39_00 turned on

Chat window with messages:

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Tautomer Structures Extracted from Experimental Literature: "Tautomer Database"

<https://cactus.nci.nih.gov/download/tautomer/>

Release 3 - November 2019

2,819 Tautomeric Tuples Comprising 5,977 Structures

Structurally different tuples: 1,776 (comprising 3,884 different structures)

since some tuples are differentiated from each other only by experimental conditions such as solvent, spectroscopy method, etc.

See <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jcim.9b01156> and <https://doi.org/10.26434/chemrxiv.10790369.v1> for literature about this database.

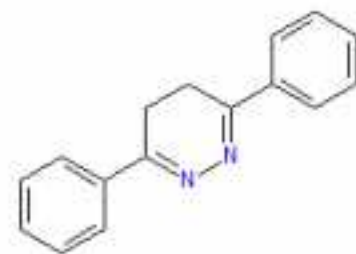
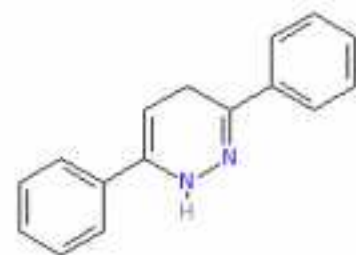
Dhaked D. *et al.*, J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2020, 60, 3, 1090–1100

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- Hunter Moseley to Everyone 07:50 PM
- Does CACTUS parse SMIRKS rules every time or are they pre-parsed and saved in compilable or actionable form?

Participants: burt.leland (O...), Ingvar Lagerst...
 burt.leland (OpenEye), Ingvar Lagerstedt, Marc Nicklaus
 You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen View Options

Only Tauto InChI Identifies Tautomers



Non-standard InChIKey:

UHFJDRXFXQDUHB-UHFFFAOYNA-N

GEHJYGJMMCSVQL-UHFFFAOYNA-N

Tauto InChIKey:

YAMMWMQCRXUUCQ-UHFFFAOYNA-N

YAMMWMQCRXUUCQ-UHFFFAOYNA-N

Case: 115_01 and _02

19

Chat

The problem at least in inorganic compounds for almost everything is "the rule is there is no general rule"

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On PubChem: keep in mind that a good part of the inorganic structures is more or less nonsense due to "disconnection" - for example has cisplatin and transplatin as "synonyms" although cisplatin is a multibillion dollar anticancer drug while transplatin is inactive. Same with ferrocenes important in catalysis

Jonathan Goodman to Everyone 07:53 PM

Why does the tautomer code have to be in the core InChI? It seems an ideal post-processing step: does this Standard InChI have another tautomeric form and, if so, which one is preferred?

Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

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Zoom Meeting

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← burt.leland (O... Ingvar Lagers... →

🔇 burt.leland (OpenEye) 🔇 Ingvar Lagerstedt

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Marc Nicklaus

Summary

Compared with a comprehensive set of tautomeric rules:

- Current Standard InChI recapitulates ~30% of amenable compounds
- Current Non-Standard InChI (KET, 15T) recapitulates ~37% of compounds
- Relative to Standard InChI, Non-Standard InChI (KET, 15T) equates 3.5% more compounds as tautomers of other compounds in a typical large database (e.g. PubChem)

Working group achievements:

- Six new prototropic rules were added to InChI code
- Relative to Standard InChI, "Tauto InChI" (KET, 15T, 6 new rules) equates 7% more compounds as tautomers of other compounds, i.e. yet 3.5% more than Non-Standard InChI

Availability:

- Experimental version of InChI 1.06 released with 6 rules added

Chat

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Conclusion

Notes and Questions:

- **Tauto InChI is different InChI: many InChIKeys are different. Do not mix with non-standard InChI!**
- Maybe should have kind indicator "T" instead of "N": WCHQBIYPPGCACF-UHFFFAOYTA-N?
- How to test: Which rules are realistic, which ones may be too strict?

Future outlook:

- Prototropic transforms: doubtful whether more can be added
- Ring-chain, valence tautomerism: likely incompatible with current InChI chemical structure model
- **To be able to add more rules, InChI code likely needs to be re-written**

Chat window with messages from Ulrich Schatzschneider and Jonathan Goodman regarding InChI tautomerism and standardization.

Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 07:53 PM

and saved in compilable or actionable form?

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What if different tautomers can be stabilized under different conditions - wouldn't selection of a preferred one then case problems as they have to be distinguished?

Navigation bar with participant names and video thumbnails:

- Left arrow
- burt.leland (O...)
- Ingvar Lagers...
- Marc Nicklaus (video thumbnail)
- Right arrow
- View

Participant status bar:

- burt.leland (OpenEye)
- Ingvar Lagerstedt
- Marc Nicklaus
- You are viewing Marc Nicklaus's screen
- View Options

Acknowledgements

Markus Sitzmann
 Waruna Yapamudiyansel
 Megan L. Peach
 James A. Kelley
 Joseph J. Barchi
 Jeff Saxe
 Igor Filippov

Members of the IUPAC Working Group:

Gerd Blanke
 Evan Bolton
 Alex M. Clark
 Bret Daniel
 Devendra Dhaked
 Laura Guasch
 Wolf-Dietrich Ihlenfeldt
 Gregory Landrum
 John W. Mayfield
 Hitesh Patel
 Roger Sayle
 Dmitrii Tchekhovskoi

Igor Pletnev (†)

Chat

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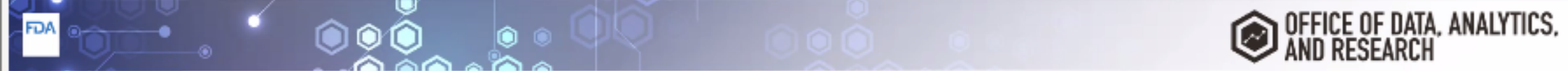
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Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

Type message here...

Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: burt.Ieland (O...), Ingvar Lagers..., Marc Nicklaus. A green bar indicates "You are viewing Yulia Borodina's screen".



Challenge announcement

FDA plans to open a public challenge in collaboration with the InChI Trust and IUPAC Working Group on tautomers

Challenge title (tentative): Crowdsourced evaluation of InChI-based tautomer identification

Timeframe (tentative): September 2022 – January 2023

Purpose: Determine how well InChI algorithm agrees with experimental determination of tautomers in chemical databases

Why it Matters: Tautomers are molecules that interconvert at normal conditions and should therefore be considered the same substance for the purpose of regulation of their therapeutic use and/or tracing their presence as impurities in products

Incentives for participants:

- Recognition by FDA as participant in helping to enable improvements in health outcomes
- Opportunity to co-author a paper

Chat window showing messages:

- There is also the issue of knowing the energy barrier in the solvent of interest
- If you can put the tautomer in the bottle (and it does not scramble quickly, say seconds, then it may be important .not. to collapse?)
- Me to Everyone 08:02 PM: @Ulrich Check the different Smiles/ non-standard InChI about 2-hydroxy pyridine/2-pyridone e.g. on <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2-Pyridone>
- Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 08:02 PM: Does the barrier really matter? It's again "outside Information". Isn't it enough that a person preparing a structure thinks it is sufficiently different from something else that it should be differentiated?
- Me to Everyone 08:02 PM: The interchange may be dynamic (solution), or frozen (e.g., solid state/ crystal).

Who can see your messages? To: Everyone

Zoom Meeting control bar: Unmute, Start Video, Participants (40), Chat, Share Screen, Record, Reactions, Leave

Navigation icons: back, forward, View

Participant: rudy potenzzone

Participant: Mick Kappler

Participant: Yulia Borodina

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Challenge Background:

- Since 2010, the [InChI Trust](#) has supported the continual development of a standard way to encode molecular information and to facilitate the search for such information in databases and on the web
- The InChI identifier is computed from chemical structure and is not sensitive to certain variations of structure representations.
- However, it doesn't recognize some cases of structures being tautomers of each other.
- Tautomer Working Group suggested a few modifications to the InChI algorithm that would recognize more tautomer types

Challenge Objectives:

- Members of Industry, Government, and Academia will be invited to test the InChI algorithm modifications on their real chemical samples by:
 1. Running their database of structures through specified computational analyses
 2. Comparing identified tautomeric sets with their internal analytical data, most likely NMR spectroscopy
 3. Determining whether members of these sets can interconvert at normal conditions
 4. Reporting the summaries of their analyses for tautomeric rule sets
- As a result, participants will:
 - Help with the creation of better tautomer-invariant identifiers
 - Find previously unknown tautomeric duplicates in their databases

Chat

Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 08:02 PM

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If you can separate it in the bottle and do separate chemistry on it .. yes, it matters very much to be able to associated data to it separately

Marc Nicklaus to Everyone 08:03 PM

@Jonathan: Yes, it would make things much easier if (some part of) the tautomerism part of InChI V2 would not be in the very core of the code. But in V1 it is.

Unmute Start Video Participants 40 Chat Share Screen Record Reactions Leave

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Type message here...

Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: rudy potenzzone, Mick Kappler, and Yulia Borodina. Mick Kappler is the current speaker. A green banner indicates "You are viewing Yulia Borodina's screen".



What is precisionFDA?

<https://precision.fda.gov>

Chat

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@Mick: The supplemental tables should be on ChemRxiv. If not, contact me.

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Who can see your messages? To: Everyone

Type message here...

Navigation icons: back, forward, View

Participant list: rudy potenzzone, Mick Kappler, Yulia Borodina

Current view: You are viewing Yulia Borodina's screen



What *really* is precisionFDA?

- Secure cloud platform
- Allows users to:
 - Upload, download, and share files
 - Create executable packages (**apps**) that can run scripts on files
 - Participate in organized challenges
 - Share tools with other users
 - Combine apps into multi-stage workflows



Chat

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Unmute Start Video Participants 40 Chat Share Screen Record Reactions Leave

Who can see your messages?

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Navigation: < Mick Kappler >

Participants: rudy potenzzone, Mick Kappler, Yulia Borodina

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precisionFDA

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A secure, collaborative, high-performance computing platform that builds a community of experts around the analysis of biological datasets in order to advance precision medicine.

EXPERT HIGHLIGHT

New Tools: Processing Electronic Health Records and Increasing Potential Adverse Events

Roselle A. Bright, ScD, MS and Summer R...

Most clinical safety systems, including those used by drug manufacturers and patients, despite well-documented limitations, do not ensure that adverse event condition is reportable, and burden of reporting is high. This is a problem that the industry and regulators should notice the approaching army, despite the fact that the industry has the resources to do so.

Expert Q&A About This Highlight

precisionFDA Challenges

UPCOMING CHALLENGES

NCTR Indel Calling from RNA-Seq

starts 05/02/2022 ends 07/26/2022

Genetic variation involving indels (insertions and deletions) in protein coding and often lead to changes in protein structure and function. It is important that the tools for identifying indels in NGS data are accurate. The FDA's National Center for Toxicological Research is currently developing pipelines to identify indels in oncopanel sequencing data.

View Details

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Nov 16, 2021

Andrew Kennedy
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31 Challenges
Cited in a Total of 78 Scientific Publications
11 Contributed/Written Scientific Publications
21 Training Videos
5 Training Workshops

FISMA FedRAMP

Chat

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Data on pFDA are secure and private unless shared

- All data brought to precisionFDA are private by default, cannot be viewed by anyone else
- One can use public apps with private data
- Adding files to precisionFDA:
 - Upload through web UI under My Home->Files
 - Upload from command line with pFDA command line uploader <https://precisionfda-staging.dnanexus.com/docs/files#files-uploading>
 - Import from a public URL via the URL Fetch app

Chat window showing messages from Ulrich Schatzschneider, Thomas Doerner, and Marc Nicklaus regarding tautomer handling in InChI.

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Chat window footer: Who can see your messages? To: Everyone. Type message here...

Zoom Meeting interface showing participants: rudy potenzzone, Mick Kappler, and Yulia Borodina. A green banner indicates "You are viewing Yulia Borodina's screen".

Tautomeric rule sets for testing

1-rule-sets:

- KET: keto-enol tautomerism recognized
- 15T: 1,5 H-transfer recognized
- PT_06_00: "1,3 heteroatom H shift" recognized
- PT_13_00: "keten/ynol exchange" recognized
- PT_16_00: "nitroso/oxime" tautomerism recognized
- PT_18_00: "cyanic/iso-cyanic acids" tautomerism recognized
- PT_22_00: "imine via imine" tautomerism recognized
- PT_39_00: "nitrone/azoxy or Behrend rearrangement" recognized

2-rule-set:

- KET + 15T

5-rule-set:

- PT_13_00+PT_16_00+PT_18_00+PT_22_00+PT_39_00

6-rule-set:

- PT_06_00+PT_13_00+PT_16_00+PT_18_00+PT_22_00+PT_39_00

7-rule-set:

- 15T+PT_06_00+PT_13_00+PT_16_00+PT_18_00+PT_22_00+PT_39_00

8-rule-set:

- KET+15T+PT_06_00+PT_13_00+PT_16_00+PT_18_00+PT_22_00+PT_39_00

Chat

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Andrey Yerin to Everyone 08:09 PM

I would say that tautomer module can be in 'preparation' module. There one 'best taut' can be created and in this way tauts will have the same InChI. While may need format changes - no need to indicate distributed location of H

Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

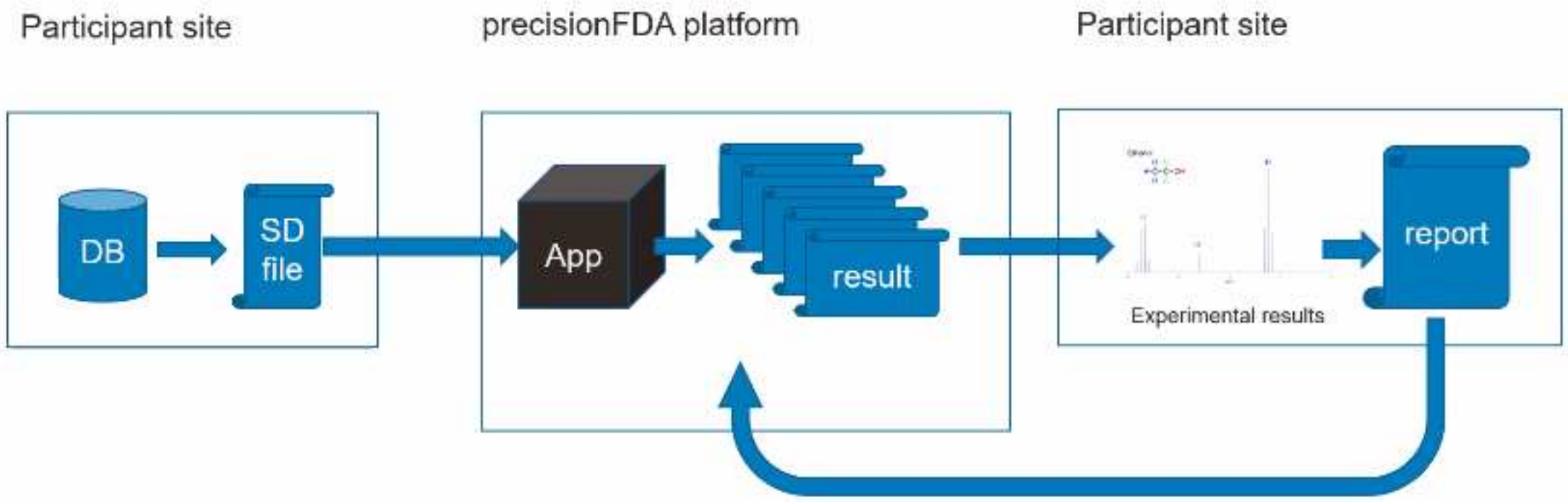
Type message here...

Participant list:

- rudy potenzzone
- Mick Kappler
- Yulia Borodina

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Workflow 1 – For participants who can upload files with structures



Chat

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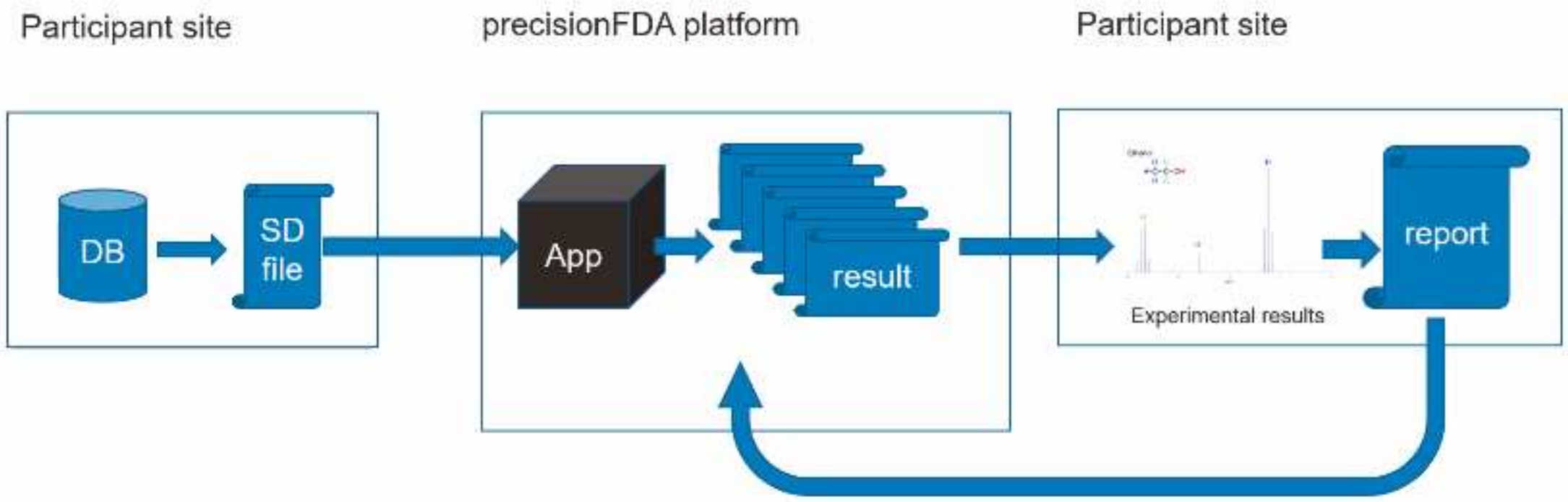
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Ulrich Schatzschneider to Everyone 08:10 PM

For a regulatory person or somebody who wants to order a commercial compound "can be put in a bottle" is enough - if one needs to identify something in an ELN, it might be different depending on your type of chemistry. Not everybody is a synthetic chemist - think low-temperature spectroscopists or gas phase mass spectrometry people - all of them also need identifiers!

Marc Nicklaus to Everyone 08:10 PM

@Ulrich and Evan: I think repository managers would be interested in knowing if molecules can tautomatically interconvert within, say, months. But this is part of the larger discussion of what the foremost use case of InChI should be.

Who can see your messages?

To: Everyone

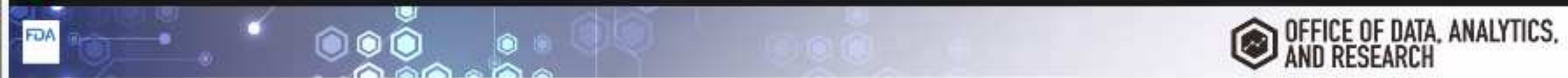
Type message here...

Navigation icons: back, forward, View

Participant list:

- rudy potenzzone
- Mick Kappler
- Yulia Borodina

Current view: You are viewing Yulia Borodina's screen View Options



Interested in participating?

Contact yulia.borodina@fda.hhs.gov

Chat

attached reference I already thought so: Evolution of Novartis' Small Molecule Screening Deck Design
<https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jmedchem.0c01332>

Me to Everyone 08:15 PM

@Marc But what often happens is that you one hasn't one .or. the other , but one preferentially over the other (i.e., a blend). Cf. Tautobase, <https://github.com/WahlOya/Tautobase>

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@Hinnerk Problem is how many applications actually use "non-standard InChI" or at least allow you to switch between "standard" and "non-standard"? If non-standard is there but not use beyond small developer community it is almost as good as not there at all (= not of help)

Marc Nicklaus to Everyone 08:17 PM

@Ulrich: Absolutely, in our Tautomer Database we see "blends" very frequently, just like in Tautobase.

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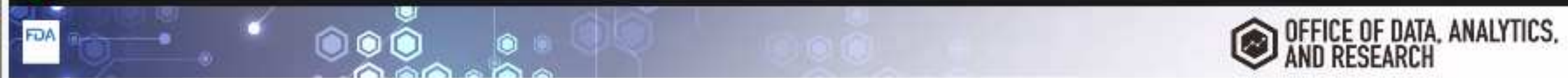
Navigation icons: back, forward, View

Participant: rudy potenzzone

Participant: Mick Kappler

Participant: Yulia Borodina

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Acknowledgments

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Igor Pletnev (InChI Trust) | Elaine Johanson (FDA) |
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| Gerd Blanke (InChI Trust) | Sarah Prezek (precisionFDA) |
| Marc Nicklaus (IUPAC WG on tautomers) | Vishal Thovarai (precisionFDA) |
| Wolf-Deitrich Ihlendorf (IUPAC WG on tautomers) | Sam Westreich (precisionFDA) |
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| Charles Lowe (EPA) | |
| Lutz Weber (Ontochem) | |
| Mitch Miller (Scientific Thinking LLC) | |
| Yurii Moroz (Enamine) | |
| Yuri Pevzner (Abbvie) | |

Chat

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To: Everyone

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